MOD5-MW340- Postpartum Pharmacology

- 1. When is the most common time to administer RhoGAM postpartum?
 - a. Immediately after birth
 - b. Within 24 hours
 - c. Within 72 hours
 - d. Within 1-2 weeks
- 2. Which of the following drugs produces the effect of strong rhythmic contractions when administered IM postpartum?
 - a. Pitocin
 - b. Methergine
 - c. Lidocaine
 - d. Prostaglandins
- 3. Which of the following drugs should not be given to stop bleeding that occurs before the birth of the placenta?
 - a. Pitocin
 - b. Methergine
 - c. Misoprostol
 - d. IV fluids
- 4. Which of the following herbals actions is most desirable when treating a postpartum hemorrhage?
 - a. A uterine stimulant
 - b. A uterine relaxant
 - c. An anti-emetic
 - d. An anti-inflammatory
- 5. What is the most common dose of Methergine (Methylergonovine) that is given IM to help the uterus contract?
 - a. 0.2 mg
 - b. 2 mg
 - c. 10 IU
 - d. 20 IU
- 6. What is the most common dose of Pitocin (synthetic oxytocin) when given IM to help the uterus contract?
 - a. 0.2 mg
 - b. 2 mg
 - c. 10 IU
 - d. 20 IU
- 7. What anti-hemorrhage drug can be given orally, rectally or vaginally?
 - a. Pitocin
 - b. Methergine
 - c. Misoprostol

- d. Lidocaine
- 8. Which type of drugs is used most commonly in association with suturing?
 - a. Analgesia
 - b. Local anesthesia
 - c. Anti-inflammatory
 - d. Hemostatic
- 9. Which type of drug is most commonly used to stimulate milk production?
 - a. An oxytocic
 - b. A prolactin
 - c. A galactagogue
 - d. An emmenagogue
- 10. Which of the following remedies is an appropriate first treatment of sore nipples?
 - a. Lanolin ointment
 - b. Over-the-counter anti-fungal cream
 - c. Gentian violet
 - d. Zinc oxide